

Colorado River Commission of Nevada

Natural Resources Group Hydrologic Update June 9, 2015



Unregulated Inflow Into Lake Powell

As of June 8, 2015

	MAF*	% Avg**
• WY 2015 (forecast):	8.54	79%
• April-July 2015 (forecast):	5.00	70%
• May (observed):	1.61	69%
• June (forecasted):	2.15	81%

*MAF=Million Acre-Feet

**30-year average, from 1981-2010 (current normal)



Storage Conditions

As of June 8, 2015

		<u>Percent of Capacity</u>	<u>Δ from last year</u>
Lake Mead elev.	1075.96 ft	37%	↓ 10.38 ft
Lake Powell elev.	3,600.77 ft	49%	↑ 3.31 ft
Total System Storage (6/2015)	29.57 maf	50%	↓ 0.15 maf
Total System Storage (6/2014)	29.72 maf	50%	



Reservoir Storage

As of June 8, 2015

Colorado River Reservoir Storages

Basin	Reservoir	Max Storage	*Current Storage	Percentage	Current Storage subtotals
Upper Basin	Crystal Reservoir	17,356	16,562	95%	5,651,564
	Flaming Gorge	3,749,000	3,220,099	86%	
	Fontenelle	344,800	320,731	93%	
	Morrow Point	117,190	112,041	96%	
	Blue Mesa	829,500	688,554	83%	
	Navajo	1,696,000	1,293,577	76%	
	Lake Powell	24,322,000	11,619,851	48%	
Lower Basin	Lake Mead	26,120,000	9,679,000	37%	2,319,500
	Lake Mohave	1,809,800	1,726,100	95%	
	Lake Havasu	619,400	593,400	96%	
	TOTAL	59,625,046	29,269,915	49%	

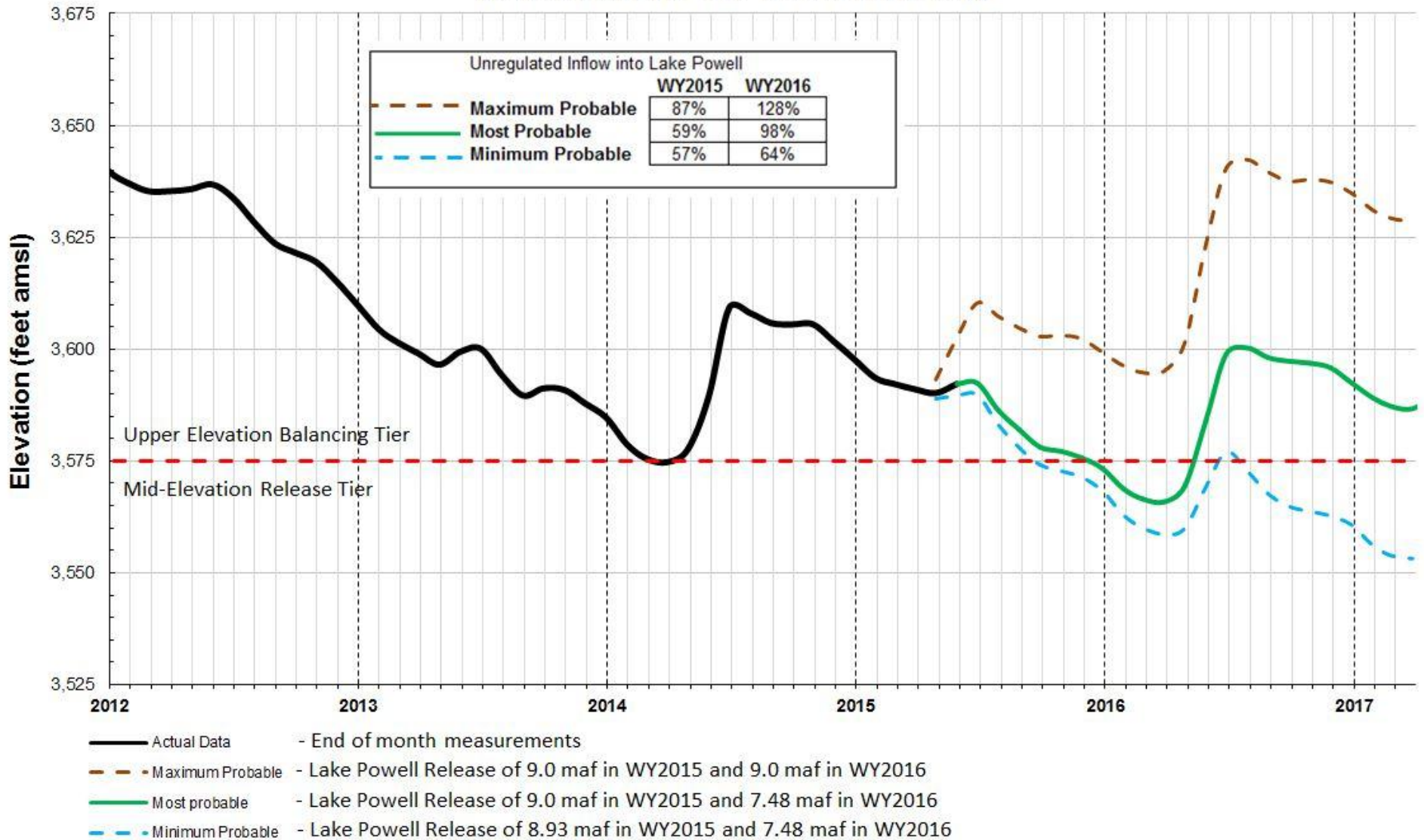
*Data current as 6/4/2015

<http://www.usbr.gov/lc/region/g4000/hourly/levels.html>

<http://www.usbr.gov/uc/water/rsvrs/ops/r40day.html>

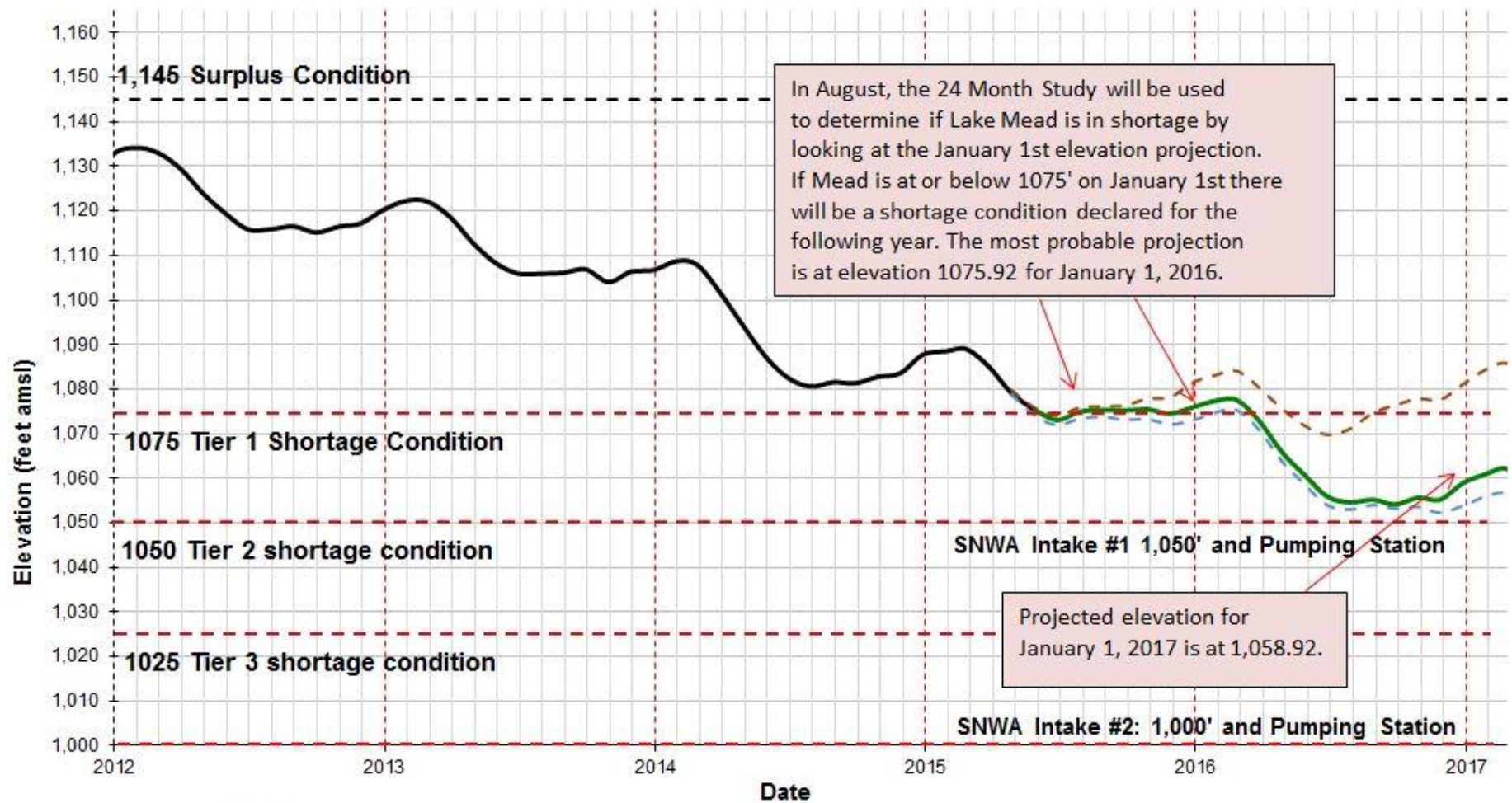
Lake Powell End of Month Elevations

(based on MAY 2015 24-month Study)



Lake Mead End of Month Elevation Projections

(Projections based on the MAY 2015 24-month study)



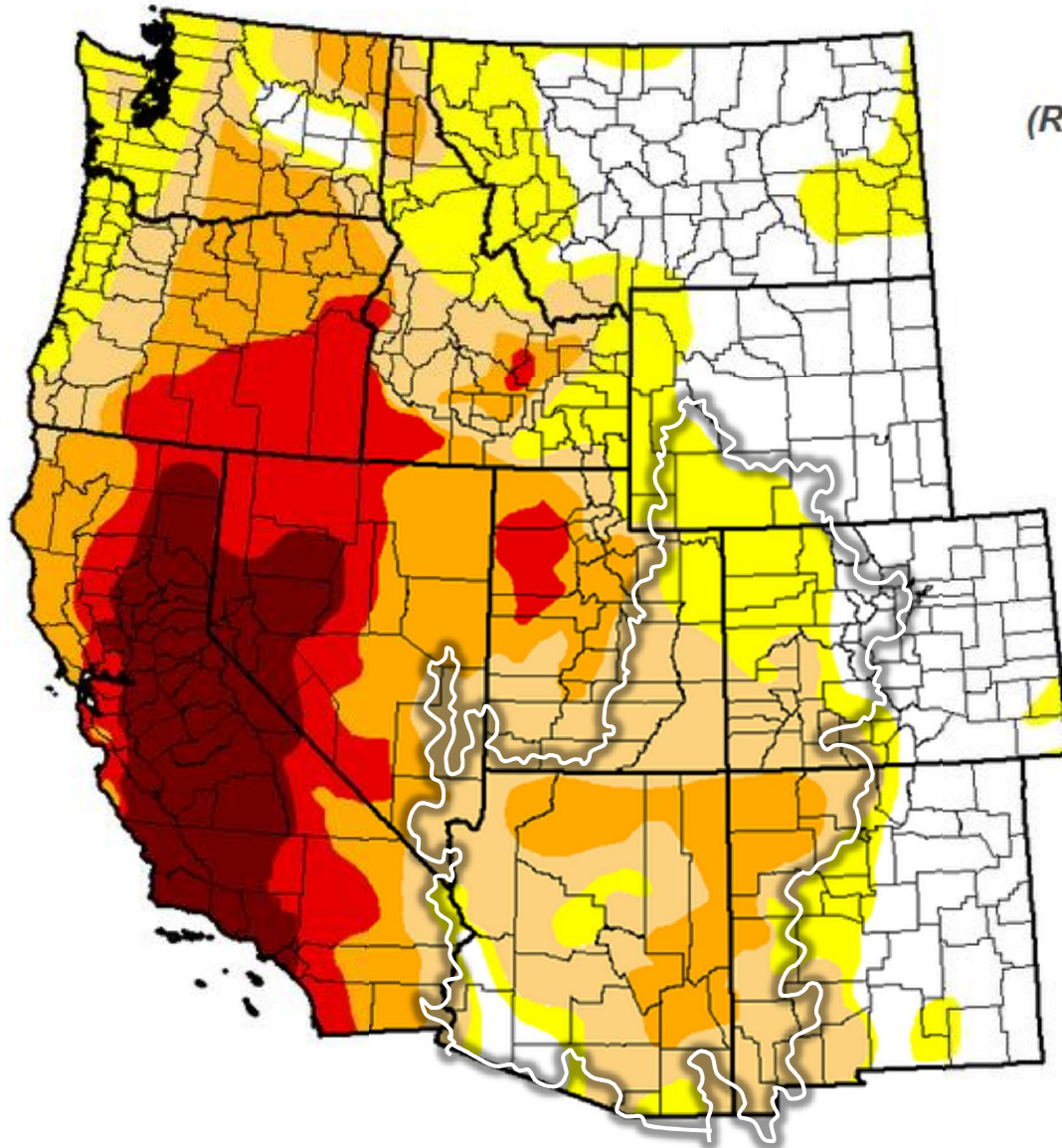
- Actual Data - End of month measurements
- - - Maximum Probable - Lake Powell Release of 9.0 maf in WY2015 and 9.0 maf in WY2016
- Most probable - Lake Powell Release of 9.0 maf in WY2015 and 7.48 maf in WY2016
- - - Minimum Probable - Lake Powell Release of 8.93 maf in WY2015 and 7.48 maf in WY2016

U.S. Drought Monitor






June 2, 2015

(Released Thursday June 4, 2015)

Valid 8 a.m. EDT



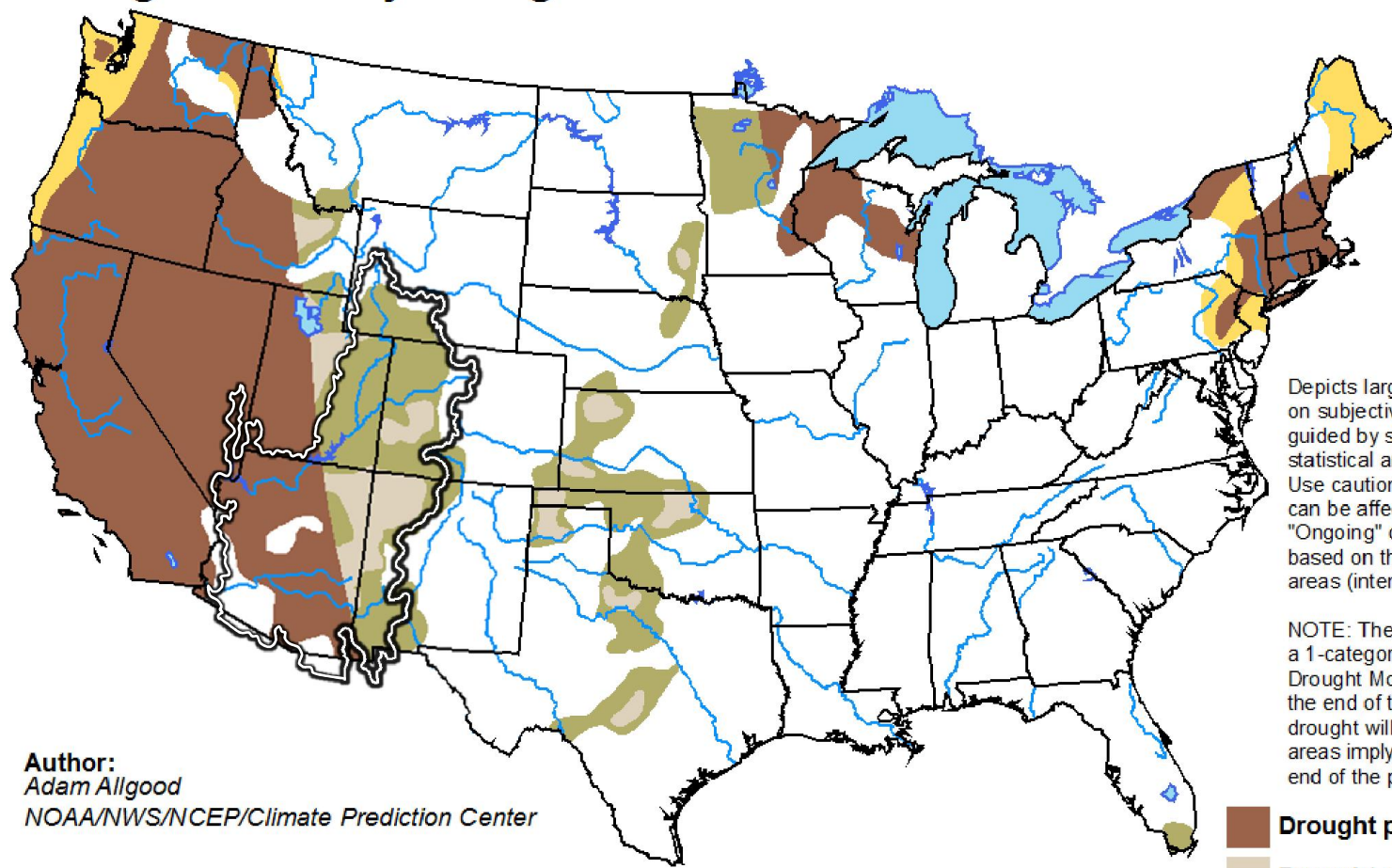
Intensity:

-  D0 - Abnormally Dry
-  D1 - Moderate Drought
-  D2 - Severe Drought
-  D3 - Extreme Drought
-  D4 - Exceptional Drought

U.S. Seasonal Drought Outlook

Drought Tendency During the Valid Period





Valid for May 21 - August 31, 2015
Released May 21, 2015

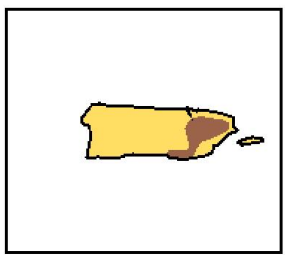
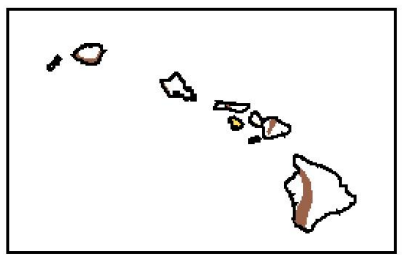
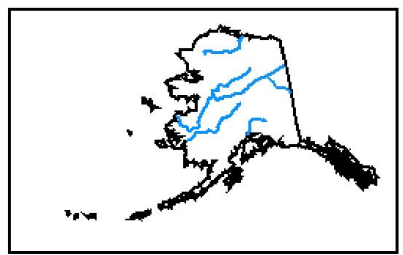


Depicts large-scale trends based on subjectively derived probabilities guided by short- and long-range statistical and dynamical forecasts. Use caution for applications that can be affected by short lived events. "Ongoing" drought areas are based on the U.S. Drought Monitor areas (intensities of D1 to D4).

NOTE: The tan areas imply at least a 1-category improvement in the Drought Monitor intensity levels by the end of the period, although drought will remain. The green areas imply drought removal by the end of the period (D0 or none).

Author:
Adam Allgood
NOAA/NWS/NCEP/Climate Prediction Center

-  Drought persists/intensifies
-  Drought remains but improves
-  Drought removal likely
-  Drought development likely



<http://go.usa.gov/hHTe>

Precipitation – Colorado River Basin

As of June 8, 2015

Upper Colorado Basin

WY Precip to Date

89% (21.4")

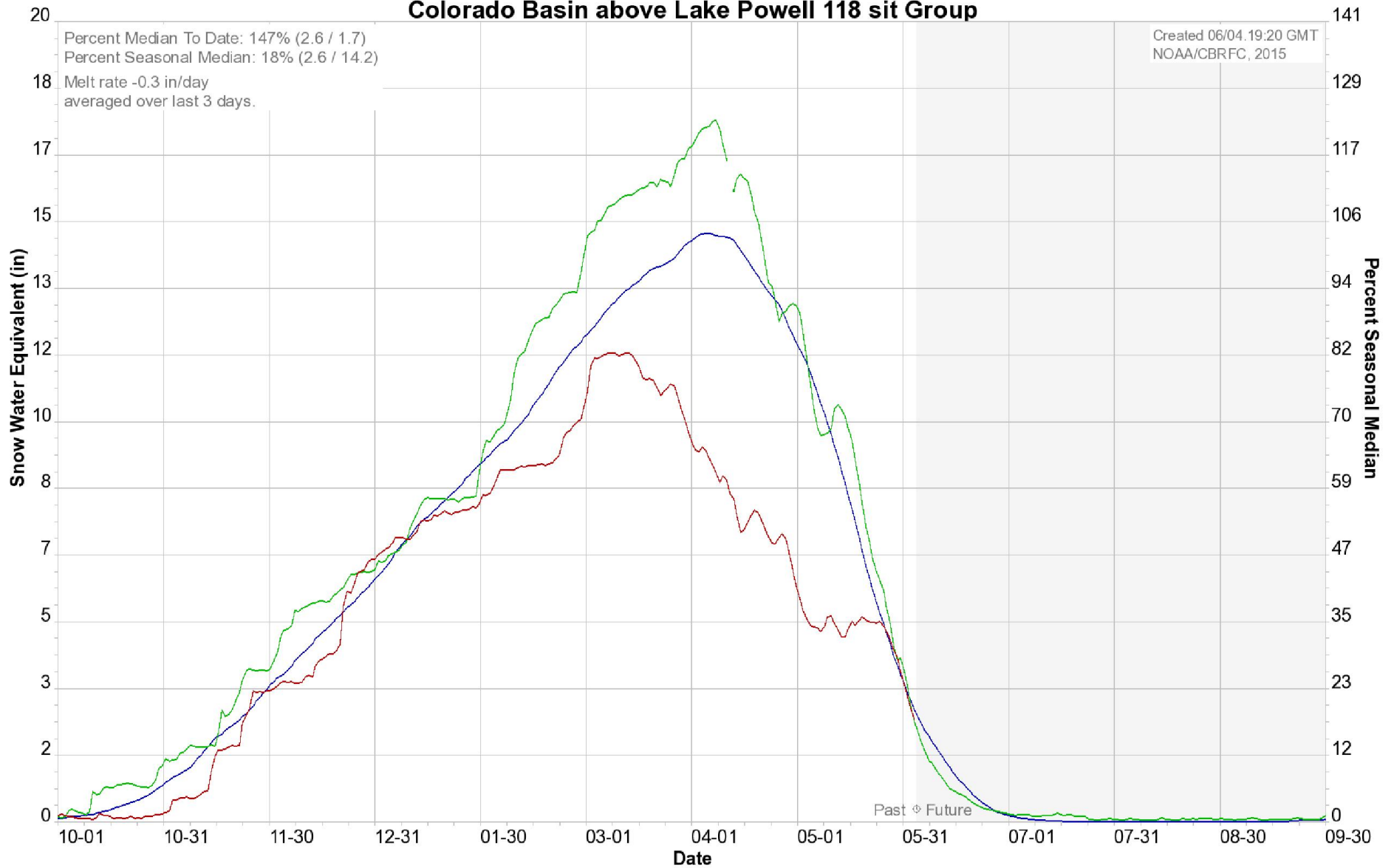
Current Basin Snowpack

NA

(Avg 1981-2010)



Colorado Basin River Forecast Center Colorado Basin above Lake Powell 118 sit Group

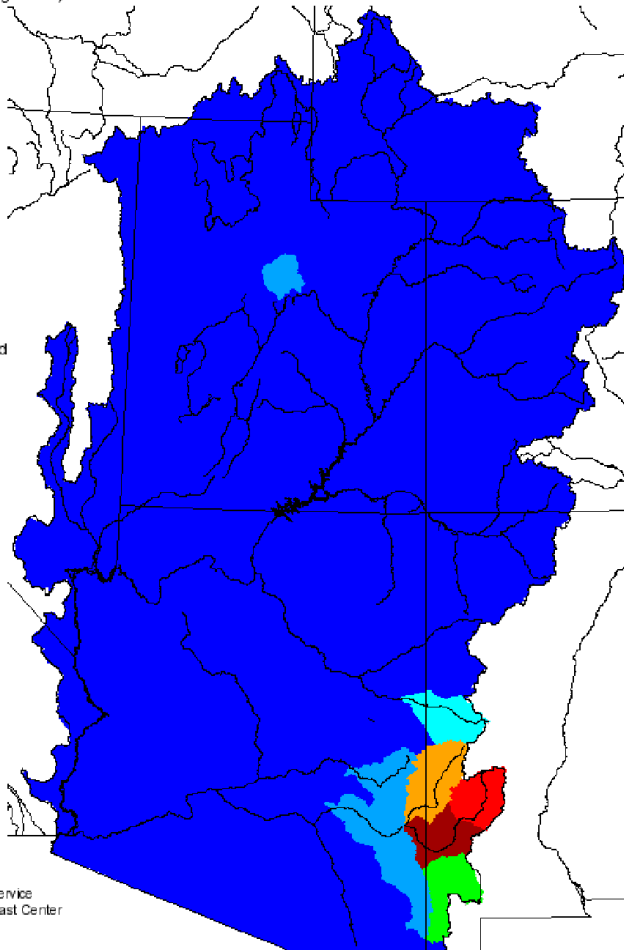
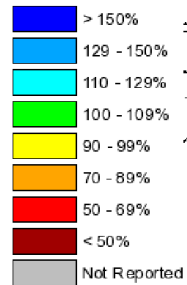


Upper Basin Precipitation

Monthly Precipitation for May 2015

(Averaged by Hydrologic Unit)

% Average

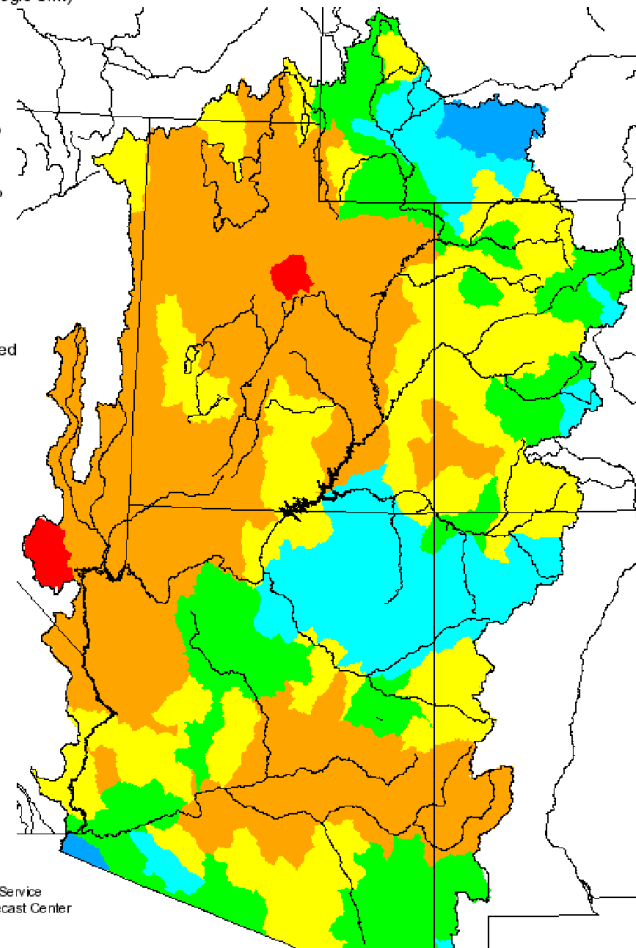
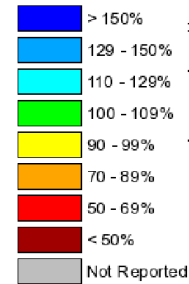


Prepared by
NOAA, National Weather Service
Colorado Basin River Forecast Center
Salt Lake City, Utah
www.cbrc.noaa.gov

Seasonal Precipitation, October 2014 - May 2015

(Averaged by Hydrologic Unit)

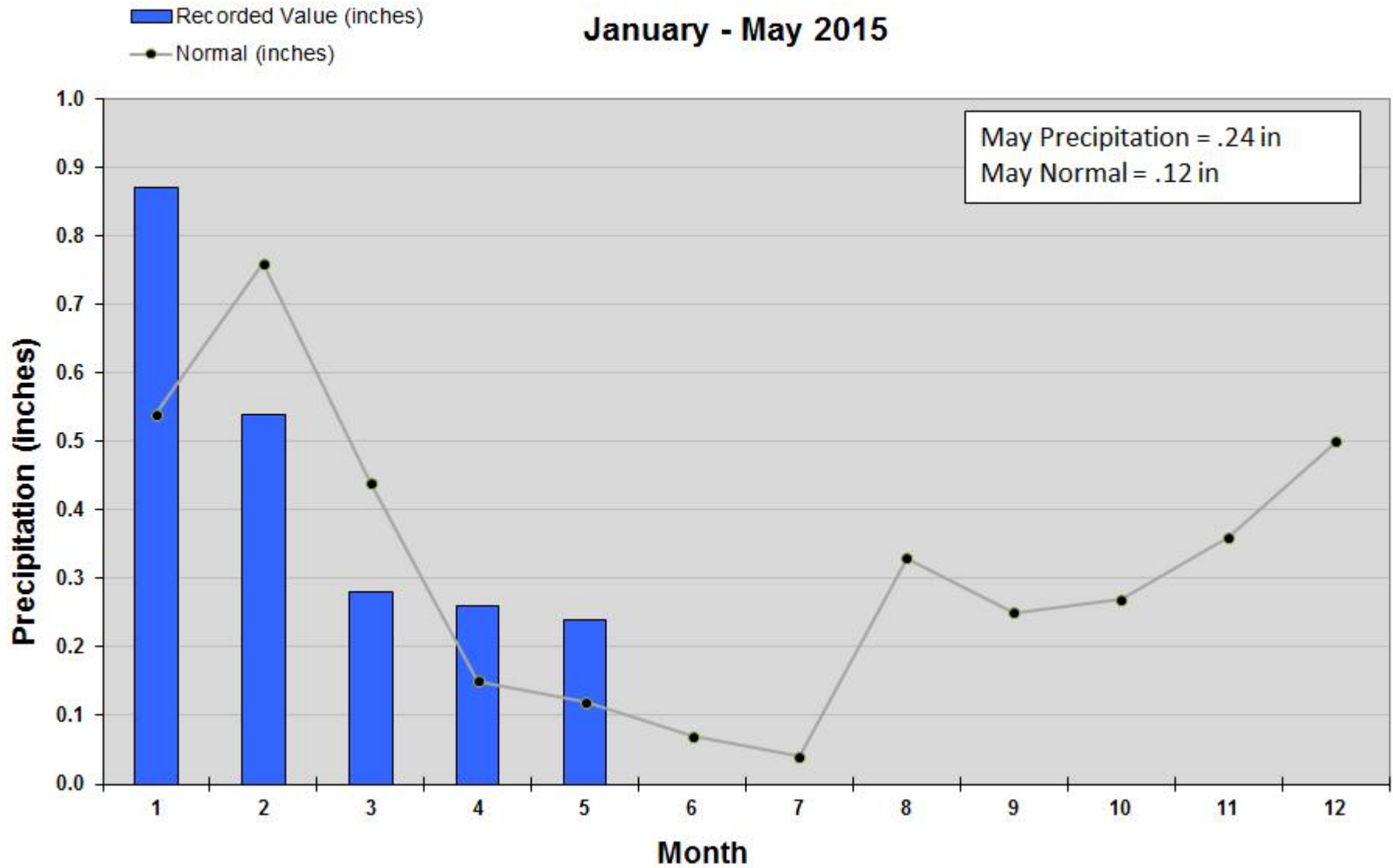
% Average



Prepared by
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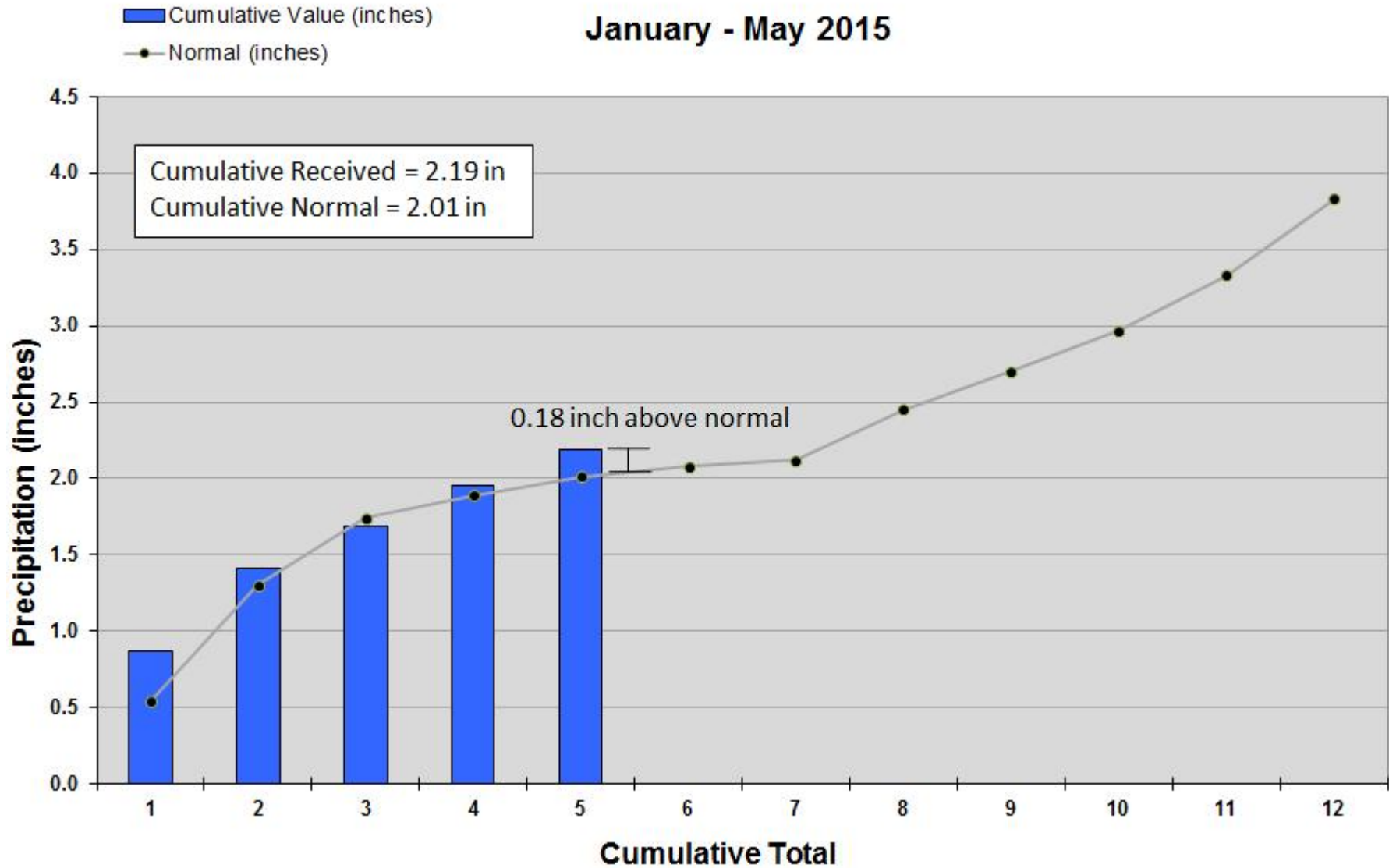
Monthly Precipitation at McCarran International Airport, Las Vegas, NV

January - May 2015

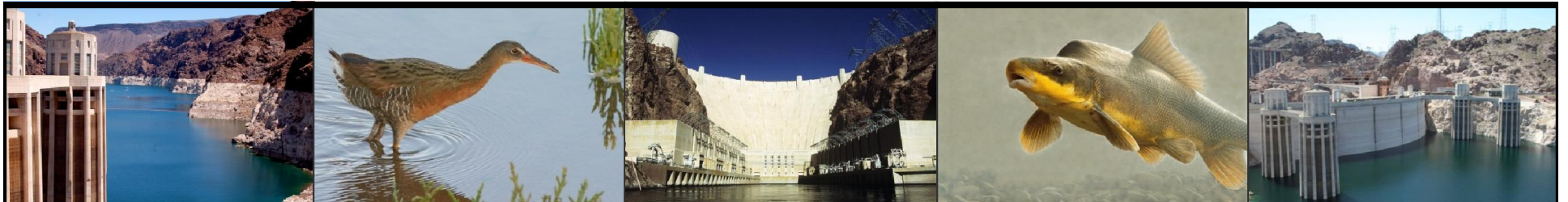


Cumulative Precipitation at McCarran International Airport, Las Vegas, NV

January - May 2015



Water Use in Southern Nevada



Water Use in Southern Nevada

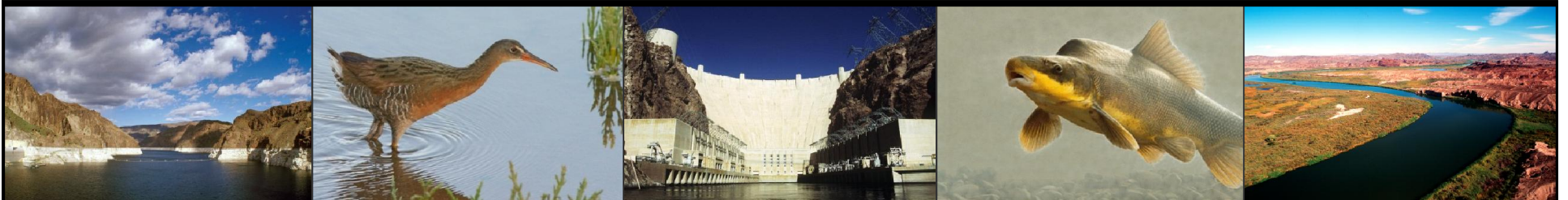
January – April 2015

2015*: Consumptive Use = 49,531 af

2014*: Consumptive Use = 51,006 af

Difference = -1,475 af

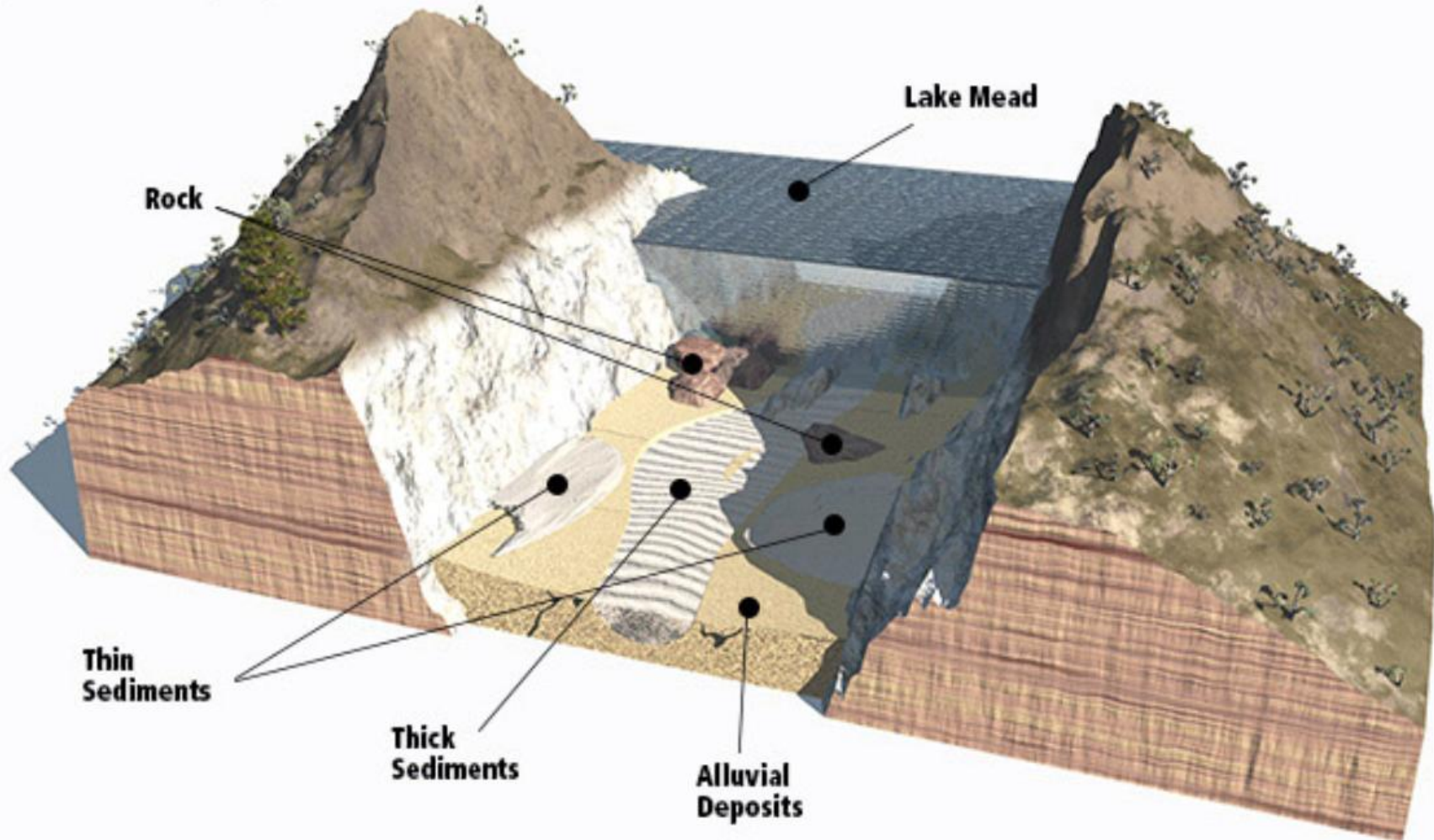
*Subject to final accounting.



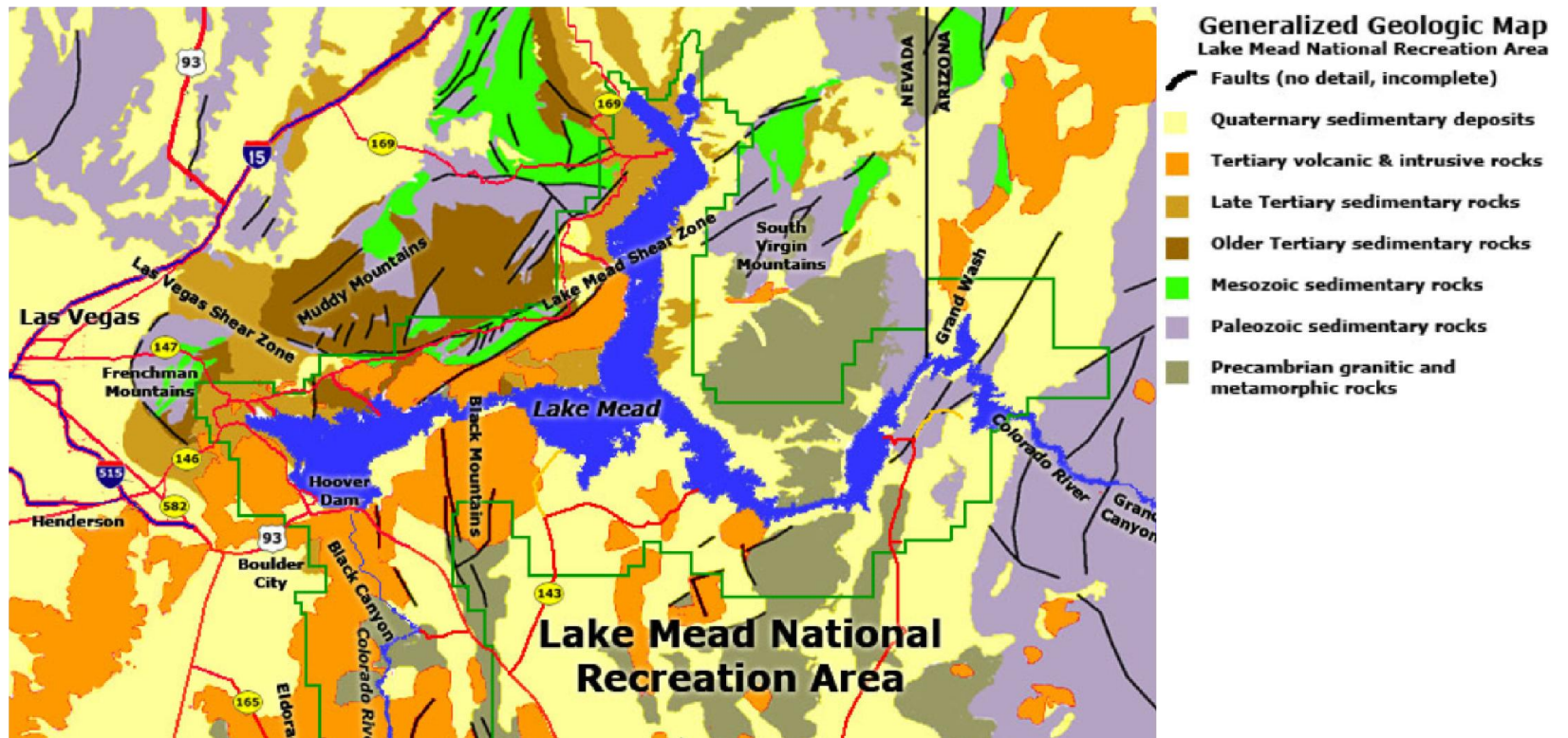
Lake Mead Geology

Surface Geology: Lake Mead

All points correlate to the legend map below. Illustration not to scale.



Lake Mead Geology



Bank Storage Modeling

Determining Bank Storage of Lake Mead
Paul Rechard, 1965

Annual bank storage is estimated to be 6.5% change in storage

Elevation increase = 6.5% of inflow enters bank storage.
Elevation decrease = 6.5% of outflow leaves bank storage.

Mass balance models do not include any losses.



Colorado River Commission of Nevada

Questions?

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